1490.ec.43

POEMS,

BY

A YOUNG NOBLEMAN,

OF

Distinguished Abilities, lately deceased.

(Price Two Shillings and Sixpence.)

Poems K

POEMS,

BY

A YOUNG NOBLEMAN,

OF

Distinguished Abilities, lately deceased;

THE STATE OF ENGLAND,

AND

The once flourishing City of LONDON.

In a LETTER from an AMERICAN TRAJELLER,

Dated from the Ruinous Portico of St. PAUL's,

in the Year 2199,

TO

A Friend fettled in Boston, the Metropolis of the Western Empire.

ALSO,

Sundry Fugitive Pieces, principally wrote whilst upon his Travels on the Continent.

Follows, Low Ly Helbar

Summum crede nefas animam præferre pudori, Et propter vitam vivendi perdere caufas.

JUVENAL, Sat. 8.

THE SECOND EDITION.

LONDON:

Printed for G. KEARSLY, No. 46, in FLEET-STREET.
M.DCC.LXXX.

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For the three last Poems in this Collection, and the following Sketch of the noble Lord's Character, the Publisher is indebted to a Gentleman, who had been his intimate Companion for many Years, and now mourns his Loss.

TOW comes it that the World is more just to the dead than to the living, and that the injustice which the latter meet with upon earth is often in proportion to their merit? Is it that possession renders us less senfible of their value, and we become convinced of their importance only by their loss, or is it that malevolence and detraction will not fuffer them to enjoy undisturbed that applause which posterity never fails to pay to the memory of departed genius? Whichever of these may be the cause of our neglect of living merit, this truth is certain, that the envy or the ingratitude which men of talents and integrity meet with from their cotemporaries, renders them less anxious to exert themselves in the service of their country, and too frequently deprives us of those abilities, which, if properly encouraged, would have been perhaps of equal ornament and advantage to us. If it were neceffary to demonstrate this truth, the history of mankind, from the time of Homer down to the present moment, abounds with innumerable instances of great and exalted characters being suffered either to pass through life unnoticed, or marked with unmerited odium. Rank and abilities afford no protection from calumny, but, on the contrary, provoke it in proportion as they are more or less conspicuous.

The noble Author of the following Poems was a recent proof of the justice of these observations; perhaps there never was a man of whose real character the world knew so little, and yet has said so much. No man ever experienced more illiberality; sew men deserved it less.

Open and ingenuous in his disposition, he soon became disgusted at the hypocrify of mankind, and trusting less to appearances than to the integrity of his intentions, no wonder that he attracted the censure of the age. His Lordship was passionately devoted to the pleasures arising from a commerce with the other sex, which, and his love of play, are the two grand crimes from which the sertile invention of his numerous libellers have produced a variety of inserior offences, with a view to blacken and desame his character.

His love of women, it has been faid, has led him to feduce and debauch the artless virgin and inexperienced wife, while his passion for play has been attributed to avarice and to poverty. In the pursuit of the one no arts have been lest unattempted to obtain the confidence and affection of the unsuspecting female; in the other it has been afferted that fraud and meanness have both been practised to ensure success.

Less cautious in his amours, than a more prudent, though not a less guilty man would be, it is not at all extraordinary that his Lordship should have met with obloquy and reproaches, since there is no situation in life which will admit of an avowed contempt of vulgar prejudices. Without entering into the wide field of ethics, or attempting to justify the incontinence of one sex at the expence of the other, we may furely venture to affirm that men do not consider themselves obliged to observe the laws of chastity. Legislators, indeed, have made no distinction between the sexes. Laws have been enacted to restrain both, but how comes it that they are never enforced against the one, while to their vengeance that of popular odium is added, whenever the other sex indulge in unlicenced love?

This question is not intended to excuse libertinism, but merely to remind the enemies of his Lordship that he ought to have the same latitude for his offences as is allowed to the rest of mankind. As to the other charges, respecting his Lordship's love of play, they are as groundless as they are malicious; no man ever played fairer: and this justice has been done him even by those who have lost, and who are the most likely to have discovered, or at least to have suggested that he was guilty of soul play. Neither is it possible to practice tricks at the clubs and in the societies which his Lordship frequented. It belongs

only to the inferior class of gamblers, who, pursuing play as a means of subsistence, and not as a matter of amusement, sculk among the taverns and coffeehouses, and in the convivial hours of mirth and inebriety, take advantage of inexperienced youth. This formed no part of his Lordship's character: he was affable to all; ferupulously honest; and generous to many. Those who were honored with his friendship will not hesitate to do him this justice; and though his love of women and of play, rendered him less attentive to the discharge of those important duties which his exalted rank in the state had imposed upon him, yet his passion for both was on the decline, when a premature death, unfortunately for this country, terminated his existence. If his Lordship had applied himself in the early part of his life seriously to business, there can be no doubt but, from his great abilities, he would have held the first department in the state; but genius and application are incompatible, and it was not till he had arrived at that period of life when the diffipations of the world cease to govern and amuse us, that we could in reason expect to derive any advantage from the exertions of his talents.

His Lordship, however, resolved to devote his suture life to the service of his country, had given mankind an undeniable testimony of his patriotism: but the period which marked his emancipation from the setters of pleasure and of indolence, also marked his dissolution.

This is no fulfome panegyric, but the unaffected testimony of a man, who revered his Lordship when living, and who sincerely laments his loss, as a public misfortune.

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- In a few Days will be published ZQRAIDA, a Tragedy, as it is now performing with applause at Drury-Lane Theatre.

TO THE READER.

As the fingular abilities of the Noble Author of these flights of fancy were so generally confessed, it is unnecessary to attempt to enhance their merit; there is scarcely a line in the collection which does not bear testimony of its origin. The places and dates are also strong corroborations to such of his friends as he corresponded with on his last journey across the Alps., His stile was elegant and his ideas so animated, that spurious productions would be immediately detected.

As a just tribute to his abilities let us lament that sate stopped his journey among men so precipitately, and whilst he was giving such evident proofs of his becoming (what is now, alas! difficult to meet with) a real friend to this almost devoted country.

The Editor of these Poems had the honour of his Lordship's friendship, which terminated only with his death. He knew him both in his convivial hours, and those which were more rationally employed. The superiority of his abilities were always acknowledged, and the goodness of his heart, for the last three years of his life, became as conspicuous as the excellency of his head.

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THE

STATE of ENGLAND,

In the Year 2199.

AND now thro' broken paths and rugged ways,
Uncultivated regions, we advanc'd
Towards fam'd Augusta's towers, on the Thames
(Whose clear broad stream glides smoothly thro' the vale)
Embank'd, and stretching o'er the level plain,
For many a mile her gilded spires were seen,
While Britain yet was free---alas! how chang'd,
How sallen from that envy'd height; what time

She

She rul'd the subject nations, and beheld The Spaniard crouch beneath her spear, and all The Gallic lillies crimfon'd o'er with blood. Extinguish'd are their glories, and her fun That once enlighten'd Europe with his beams, Sunk in the West, is set, and ne'er again Shall o'er Britannia spread his orient rays! These were my thoughts whilst thro' a falling heap Of shapeless ruins far and wide diffus'd, Paul's great Cathedral, from her folid base, High tow'ring to the fky, by heav'n's command. Amidst the universal waste preserv'd Struck my aftonish'd view! a fabric huge, Of nobler structure than e'er Babylon, Or glorious Rome within her marbled walls Cou'd boast in day's of yore; before the Goth With barbarous hand, and uncontroul'd fway, Crush'd furious her magnificence, and swept

Temple, and tow'r, down to the ground. For not The fam'd pantheon, or the fculptur'd dome Of great Semiramis, nor holier Fane Of once inspir'd Judea, to the eye Of speculative wonder, did present A more admir'd, or admirable view! On this fair object my fix'd eye was kept In pleasing meditation, whilst my guide, A poor emaciate Eriton, led me on Through streets, and squares, and falling palaces, (Where here and there, a habitant was feen) To where stood once amongst the peopled town Th' Exchange of London; where the golden streams Of vivid commerce from the trading winds Levant and Ponent, north and fouth effus'd Were in a centre fix'd: where ev'ry day Ten thousand merchants, learn'd in the art Of nurfing, and improving wealth, conven'd,

To fettle on the wide and stable base

Of liberty, and public good, their own

And happy England's welfare.—Then the pride

Of the commercial world, whose trade spread on

From southern Orelan, to the banks

Of cold Estotiland, from sultry climes

And freezing regions, over distant seas

Brought gather'd wealth, and Asian treasures home!

Now onward we proceed into a field

O'ergrown with rank and noisome weeds, and here

The honest Briton wiping from his eye

The starting tear, in broken sobs of grief,

And mingled indignation thus exclaim'd,——

- " In this unwholesome fen, by the foul toad,
- " And eycless newt inhabited, once stood
- " The Bank and Treasury of England, fill'd
- "With shining heaps of beaten gold; a sum
- " That would have beggar'd all the petty flates

- " Of Europe to have rais'd, here half the wealth
- " Of Mexique and Peru was pour'd, and hence
- " Diffus'd in many a copious stream, was spread
- " To distant towns, and cities, and enrich'd
- " Industrious commerce thro' the polish'd land.
- "But now, alas! not e'en a trace remains,
- " Not e'en a ruin of the spacious pile,
- Raz'd even with the dust, by the joint hand
- " Of the avenging multitude; what time
- " The fall of public credit, that had long
- "Totter'd upon her airy base, involv'd
- " In fudden and promiscuous ruin all
- " The great commercial world .--- Then fell, .
- " Struck to the heart by dark corruption's arms,
- " The British Lion---then the Flower de Lis
- " Wav'd high on London's tower, and then funk
- " Beneath the tyrant's bloody hand, the last
- " Remaining spark of LIBERTY .--- A dire

" And

" And dreadful revolution! O my poor,

" My ruin'd country! long thou wast the pride

" And dread of nations; far above the rest

" Happy and great, nor would the envious foc

" Subdue thy warlike fons, but 'twas thyfelf

" That kill'd thyfelf .-- O memory, that wounds

" My agonizing breaft !--- O grief of heart

"That overturns all patience!"---Thus much
His plaintive voice was heard; the rest was choak'd
By sighs, and groans, that would have mov'd the heart
Of savage rage to pity, much I griev'd
At Britain's downfall---thought revolv'd on thought,

And my rapt mind was held in fix'd fuspence,

And melancholy mufing, but foon rouz'd

By an unufual found; --- the whiftling wind

Mutter'd a hollow groan, the thicken'd fky,

Like a dark vault portentous stood !--- a blaze

Of reddeft lightning that across the gloom,

The thunder rais'd his dreadful roar, and close Before my aftonish'd eyes a phantom stood, In shape and gesture like a warrior old, Of aspect gaunt and grim; his grizzly beard And fwarthy face was all befmear'd with duft, And clotted gore, his fable armour pierc'd With many a fhast, upon his bruis'd limbs And aged body feem'd a useless load! In his right-hand he held a broken spear, And in his left a moulder'd fcroll, whereon The words of MAGNA CHARTA were engrav'd In bloody characters.---Silent a while . The horrid phantom stood, then with a voice That founded like the deaf'ning fea, whose waves Roll tumbling to the diffant shore, and break Their boilt'rous heads upon the stoney beach; (E'en fuch a deep and doleful murmur ftruck My trembling ears) --- the spectre thus began : ---

" Know

- " Know ye not me? or is my alter'd form
- " So darken'd by the rude affails of time \
- " As not a ray of Majesty breaks forth?
- "Know ye not me? ye knew me once, and hail'd
- " My fovereign pow'r, when forth from Britain fent
- " My fleets and armies hover'd o'er your coafts?
- " When like an eagle o'er her new-fledged brood,
- " I watch'd your infant colonies, and spread
- My parent wings over your growing state,
- " Then rifing towards maturity .--- Time was
- "When vex'd and harrafs'd by the venom'd point
- " Of the remorfeles Indian's lance, you try'd
- " With ineffectual policy to ftop
- " His rapid course, mark'd by the streaming blood
- " Of half your forlorn scatter'd tribe!---then I,
- " Mov'd by your loud laments, and piercing cries,
- " Rais'd my protective shield, and on the foe
- " Let loofe my British Lion, whose swift rage

" Struck

- Struck conquest back, and deep within his woods
- "The wild AMERICAN pursu'd, and caught
- " The fullen favage in his dark retreat .---
- " I am that warlike spirit that once inspir'd,
- " And rul'd victorious Britain; I am he
- " Who bad old Ocean own my sway, and forc'd
- " Reluctant Europe to attend my laws !---
- " Then on my favour'd island heav'n dispens'd
- " Bleffings accumulate; wealth roll'd along
- " Poetolian treasures, wealth with plenty crown'd
- " By fruitful commerce ;--- Asia's golden towns,
- " Rich with Barbaric spoils, and gorgeous gems
- Were ranfack'd of their glitt'ring ore, and thou,
- " Sovereign AMERICA! with duteous care
- " Gav'ft thy accustom'd tribute, and help'd fill
- " That horn of plenty, whose collected stores
- "All nations, and all climes increas'd; what time
- " The facred fire of liberty inflam'd

- " The patriot's breaft, what time with ardent zeal
- " For glory, and the public weal inspir'd,
- " PITT thunder'd in the senate, whose rais'd voice
- " More puissant than the lyre of Orpheus, strung
- " The warrior's nerveless arm, and could alone
- " Revive extinguishing glory's flame, which long
- " Had flept in torpid indolence, till then
- " Woke by refistless eloquence it burst
- " Like Jove's own lightning, seath'd the Fleurs de Lis,
- " And Gallia's laurels wither'd in their bloom!
- " That BRITANIA was thy brightest day! and then
- "The eternal blazon was unroll'd, and there
- " Stopt at his fated goal; thy genius felt
- " Some greater pow'rs strong hand; for soon
- " Voluptuous vice, and foul-diffolving eafe,
- " With luxury her handmaid, o'er the land
- " Contagious fpread their influence malign,
- " And in Lethean flumbers closed the eyes

- " Of ever watchful liberty, and bound
- " The goddess fast in golden chains .--- Then funk
- " The languid period on the Patriot's tongue,
- " And in fmooth accents, and delufive wiles,
- " The hollow statesman taught th'obedient crowd
- " Of corrupt hirelings, the flavish code
- " Of base Italian policy; receiv'd
- " With acclamation, by th' inglorious train
- " Of worthless legislators !--- the sad change
- " GAUL with delighted eye beheld, and bad
- " Her drooping fons rejoice, bad haughty SPAIN
- " Infult that standard," which by EDWARD's hands
- "Was rais'd o'er Paris captive tow'rs, and fince
- " From Porto-Bello, and rich Cuba's walls
- ". Th' amaz'd Peruvian saw, and felt a dawn
- " Of chearing hope shoot thro' his conscious soul !---
- " From this black Æra in prone ruin funk,
- " The loofen'd pillars of the state, and all

- " The great machine of empire that was rais'd
- " By liberty and wholesome laws, fell down
- ". And crush'd its weak supporters! weak and blind
- " By Dalilean charms .-- Then anarchy,
- " And wild mifrule, tore the divided land
- " By civil strife, from whose atrocious scars
- " Men turn'd their fated eyes, and fought relief
- " From absolute potential rule; but soon
- " The stern vindictive Spaniard, with the false
- " Dissembling Frenchman, in full league combin'd,
- " In triumph led the wretched flaves, and bow'd
- " Their necks accustom'd to the yoke of vile
- " Opprobrious bondage! then forrowing drank
- " Of mifery's baleful cup, the bitter dregs.
- " Crest fallen Albion! and from that dark hour
- " Ceas'd to be deem'd a nation .-- But just heav'n
- " Had mark'd the victor's course, and still defign'd
- " To crush his full-blown fortunes by thy hand.

" Puissant

- " Puissant America! whose generous forts
- " From British fathers sprung, have rais'd thy name
- " Beyond the Greek and Roman fame, and, shall
- " Extend thy empire to the utmost bounds
- " Of this GLOBOSE .--- All nations shall thee hail,
- " All people own thy fov'reign's rule, and long
- " Long shall he reign over the subject earth,
- " And only fink with the diffolving world."

This faid, the welkin once more overcast

With horrid rush Borean meteors dart,

And fell discordant din like clang of arms,

Rent distant skies, whilst high clouds ecchoed groans

Of dying warriors.—Trapp'd by Gallic wiles

Americ's fall'n fons now leagu'd in pact

Unnatural, greet Spain's fov'reign's ragged staff,

And crouch to Gallic Machiavelian lays.

Like Nero, drench their hands in mother's blood,

Like Macbeth's fanguine spot, entail a stain

Indelible

Indelible on their posterity;
Thus savage, forge such temper'd manacles
As e'en grim time shall scarce asunder break,
With mad'ning frenzy they unthinking raise
A double crown o'er Gallia's saded Lis,
Who's sovereign perfidious; soon will lay
Their boasted Thirteen Stripes on their own backs,
With Iron Rod of dire despotic sway;—
For wily France, and haughty Spain, in one
Dark compact join'd, will soon throw off the mask,
And then divide the spoil;——America.——
Convuls'd in conflict the grim warrior stood,
Then gave a mighty ghastly beck'ning nod
To Britain's poor emaciate sone and said:

- " Where is thy vaunted Lion's valour now?
- " Where are those laurels which Grand Britain's brow?
- "Where are those val'rous brothers of this land,
- " Who durst in days of yore each conflict stand?

" Rush,

- " Rush, call them forth, and rouze them from their sleep,
- " Shout Britain shall for ages rule the deep.
- " From north to fouth each cape perceive her fway,
- " Once more in dust the combin'd banners lay,
- " Of France and Spain; who wish to rule the roast,
- " And boast of battles that were never lost.
- " Join hearts and hands, O let it ne'er be faid,
- " That Britain family compact e'er did dread,
- " The haughty Spaniard shall first feel the smart,
- " Of Gallia's ill-laid projects and vile art.
- " Next France, with inland conflicts 'funder torn,
- " Till times no more their ill fuccess may mourn.
- " In Afia, they shall shortly have no hold,
- " But be expell'd by British Lion bold.
- " Cuba and Mexico foon will take th' alarm,
- " And 'gainst despotic rule themselves they'll arm.
- " Then spurn disdainful Spain's sharp lording wand,
- " And drive that fov'reign's minions from the land.

" Americans

- " Americans and Britons, the fame thing,
- " Sprung from one oaken trunk, rul'd by one king,
- "Combin'd, may conquer worlds as yet unknown,
- " And make confed'rates for their crimes atone.
- "Russia's your friend, to you she'll e'er prove true
- "With contempt gen'rous the vile compact view;
- " You've other allies too, who aloof stand,
- " And watch the fate of this devoted land;
- " Then let no party's rage contentious blaft,
- " What fortune's lot into your laps has cast,
- " Support your fov'reign's rights and country's laws,
- " Britons can ne er unite in better cause.
- " This is the last advice I can them give,
- " If well observ'd, they still may happy live,
- " And then with chearful voice Hofannahs fing,
- ... Cheer wives and children, and hail, great George their

" King."

March 21, 1771.

To Lady CAT---N A--NS--V, on her departure for Ireland.

So may old Nereus smooth the swelling tide,
While you, like Venus, o'er the billows glide;
So may fost zephyrs fill your curled fails,
And the sweet south attend with prosperous gales.
May Cupid gambol on the level deep,
And rougher Boreas in his caverns sleep!
But I, alas! fixed on this hated shore,
With eyes enamour'd, perhaps shall view no more
That blaze of beauty, whose excessive light
With giddy rapture dims the aching sight.
O daughter of the rose, O matchless pride
Of nature, lovelier than the Spartan bride,
For thee, contending nations might indeed,
For better reason than Achaia bleed.

Could

Could argive Helen's meretricious charms Light up all Greece, and fire the world to arms; And must we tamely suffer and deplore The loss of thee, our Helen's now no more? The fun of chivalry is fet, the age Of heroes past and funk, that noble rage Which urg'd Ulysses thro' the stormy main, And spurr'd Tydides to the Phrygian plain. Who now his fword in fuch a quarrel draws? What Greek, what Trojan in a woman's cause? Go then, thou rifing fun, and happy those On whom thou shinest, on whom thy radiance glows; Go then, thou rifing fun, and in the west Be all thy glories, all thy powers confest! Thou com'ft--- the clouds disperse th'enlighten'd sky, Paints the clear sea with gold and azure dye. Thou com'ft--- a fudden fragrance fills the breeze, And vivid freshness blossoms o'er the trees.

At thy approach fresh springing flow'rets blow, The lillies whiten, and the roses glow. At thy approach, each pearl of orient dew Is purpled over with a rainbow hue! But chief on man thy influence Bland be shown, Lo, the fierce favage kerns* before the throne Of dazzling beauty, trembling to espy The liquid lightning's playing in your eye! But when thy voice divine to their rude ear Sounds yet unheard, and heavenly strains shall bear In stupid fapture list ning they shall stand, As if enchanted by the puissant wand. Of Thracian Hermes, whose all-powerful spell The brindled tyger felt, and couching fell, Harmless, and innocent of blood. Thus they, like men long blind restor'd to day, Shall gaze and wonder at the glittering ray;

Then

[·] An Irish term for a Foot Soldier.

Then shall their barbarous minds and souls unbroke Receive obedient, beauty's golden yoke: But when the monster race by thee fubdu'd, Shall with fost manners, be at length endu'd; When the wild native of Camolin's steep Shall howl no longer to the western deep! When thou thy mission done, with lib'ral hand Hast fown politeness thro' the savage land, Return again! for thou wast never made To bloom and wither in th' unheeded shade Of Gothic darkness; but to spread around Thy virgin fweetness in a richer ground. But should some youth, with bold intrepid face, And brawny limbs! fprung from the hardy race Of old Milefians, with aspiring aim, Ixion like, confess an impious flame; Should he with rash attempt invade your charms, And madly rushing, leap into your arms!

O never may his hand impure prophane

Venus fair temple, and chafte Dian's fane!

But when made drunk by love th' adventurous boy

Shall fondly fnatch at the forbidden joy;

May you clufive fink from his embrace,

And colour'd shadows fill the vacant space:

Then to the world be it proclaim'd aloud,

He seiz'd a Goddess, but posses'd a Cloud.----

To G____ E ED___ D Ays___GH, Efq;

From Venice the 20th of July 1770.

FROM gentler climates and from vernal skies, Where sam'd Venetia's sea-girt turrets rise, Where 'midst the spumy wave, and circling deep, The loves and graces constant revels keep; Where policy has fix'd her throne and reigns O'er subject nations, and o'er conquer'd plains, Accept, O much-lov'd youth, these votive lays I sue thy friendship, and to thee I raise The verse spontaneous, tho' I slight the bays. By froward sate and ill-starr'd fortune rul'd, And yet a child by early suffering school'd, To manhood grown, by rougher labours steel'd, Fix'd is my spirit and disdains to yield

To hostile fury, or the fnaky wiles Of the pretended friend who stabbing smiles. In vain the low'ring prospect darker grows, And future ills in black perspective shews; Who lives a free man happy lives, too wife To fear or court the goddess without eyes: Me if she tempts, I'll seize the willing dame, Rifle her fweets, and fan her fickle flame; But when she spreads her gaudy wings I'll view Unmov'd her flight, nor stop her, nor pursue, To-day is mine this now I will enjoy, And steep each fense in sweet oblivious joy; To-day is fair, to-morrow storms arise, The tempest rages, and the lightnings flies; In vain fierce whirlwinds howl, loud thunders roar, What's past is past, nor can the god restore The wasted hours, or tarnish past delight, And call back time's irrevocable flight!

Thus I my friend thro' life's tempestuous tide
Will catch the breezes, and the blast outride;
Whether on England's or Italia's shore,
Studious of ease by philosophic lore,

Hardly obtain'd!

Till spent by age, or seiz'd by violent death,
Back to the dust returns the sleeting breath.
Yet not till this poor hand my friend shall be
A mouldering emblem of mortality;
Nor till the ebbing blood shall cease to beat
And the heart lose her all enlivening heat,
Will I unworthy of thy love forget
The grateful dues of friendship's sacred debt.
But if it sate so wills from the cold grave,
Man from the brute, a spark divine shall save
Shall from the grasp of death escap'd on high
Wing her bold slight and seek her native sky;

Then shall our friendship triumph still and prove The nobler movements of angelic love. This as it is may be, but whilft here on earth Let us be mindful of our humble birth, Enjoy the good, and arm our stubborn breast With steely patience waiting for the rest, And fleep of death, life's tedious journey o'er, When toil, and pain, and grief shall be no more; And know, dear youth, that virtuous deeds alone, Outlive the wounded brass or sculptur'd stone; That virtue, fole immortal friend to man, Can build his glory 'bove this shadowy span Of infant being and to endless fame, Lift up a mortal's perishable name, And here below the noblest work of God Is a good man oppress'd by th' iron rod Of tyrant rule, whose firm mind will not bow From her fix'd basis, and whose settled brow

Unchang'd by fortune's frowns shall bravely bear What leffer minds would fuffer and defpair! He above change, and chance, and strife and hate, Obnoxious shall remain to evil fate! Serenely great He from his height shall view The wand'ring, erring, finful, madening crew, With eye contemplative, and keen shall trace Where in the paths of vice the human race Throng multudinous, --- by folly led To swift destruction are the wretches sped! Whilst He, belov'd of Jove, beholds from far The growing tumults, and the mingled war. O may at length kind heaven my tir'd feet Rest from their labours in that blest retreat! O may at length my anxious mind pervade That Holy Temple and thrice ballow'd Shade, Where under wifdom's wings divine repofe The best of men exempt from mortal woes;

Where in a golden stream from heaven let down
Thy voice is heard, thy sacred strains are known,
Urania!

Thou, whom the muse inspir'd attends, whose tongue,
With sounds inestable, seraphic hung,
Charms the delighted gods by harmony,
Drawing celestial wisdom from the sky!

Vouchsafe on me a ray benign to shed
Of that immortal light whose beams outspread

Beyond created worlds stame round th'Almighty's head.

An ODE, wrote under the Statue of CUPID, in HAGLEY GARDENS.

To him whose genial wings outspread
O'er chaos wild abyss,
From blind confusion order bred,
And bad the hubbub cease.

To him who from th' Eternal fprung, Coeval with his Sire,

To him on whose harmonious tongue

Dwells more than human fire:

To him whose mild, whose puissant sway

The varied world obeys,

To love I raise the votive lays,

To love I give the bays.

AN IRREGULAR ODE,

Wrote at Vicenza, in Italy, the 20th of August 1770.

STANZA FIRST.

Hence stern ambition, and low plotting care!

And thou the mother of despair,

With yellow eyes and matted hair,

And brows that threaten sate!

Thou whose viperian tooth, and Scorpion sangs

Afflict the tortur'd soul with keenest pangs,

Whose baleful kenn, and aspect dire,

Like the red stars' impending sire,

A thousand horrors can impart

To the labouring, trembling heart;

Far from these happy climes, and purer sky

Avert thy raven wings, and sudden sly

Back to thy native hell, soul jealousy!

STANZA SECOND.

But hither wafted on th' Hisperian gale,

That born in flow'ry Tempe's painted vale,

O'er isles of fragrance flies,

Come, mild affection, gentle as the breeze,

Which am'rous Zephyr blows upon the trees,

Come foothing pow'r of fost voluptuous ease!

Come and with thee bring

The lovely boy of heav'nly race,

Whose eyes like lightning shine,

Whose glowing cheek, whose ardent sace

Inflames my breast like wine!

STANZA THIRD.

He whose empurpled azure wings diffuse
Ncctar'd sweetness all around,
He whom the graces haunt, and the young muse
With myrtle chaplets crown'd,

Follows

Follows with frolic step, and from his artless lyre

Calls forth th' unbidden strain;

Hark, she strikes the vocal strings!

How she sweeps the trembling wire,

Now the chords resound again,

Love and love's disport she sings,

Hail to the genial God!

Behold he comes—before him young desire,

And pink-ey'd Bacchus reels along;

The brindled tyger, and the spotted snake,

And the mingled sportive throng

Of hairy satyrs, and of wood-nymphs shake

Their bodies lithe, and antic limbs,

In many a winding fold:

The whilft old Pan upon his oaten reeds,

Amongst the shadowy glens bedropt with dew,

Pipes out his wood-notes wild, and leads

The blythe fantastic crew!

STANZA FOURTH.

She, fairest daughter of the sky,

Holds in a golden chain

The peopled earth, and wide surrounding main,

Yet She on love attends!

On love, whose self-inspir'd tongue

With sweeter elocution hung,

The gods delighted hear:

Even he, who in his iron car,

Forth rushing dreadful to the war,

Shakes his destructive spear!

Even he to love an easy prey,

Yields up the honours of the day,

And bends beneath his yoke.

See where amongst the heav'nly throng, With haughty strides he tow'rs along:

Lo, he goes forth in terrible array,

Before him fear, and flight, and pale difmay!

His gloomy eyes dart forth contagious fire,

But love has touch'd the golden lyre,

And warbled forth his fong.

STANZA FIFTH.

Sooth'd with the found of the foft swelling chord The stern avenger sheaths th' avenging sword, The fading laurels wither on his brow, But fee where myrtles vivid blow, Spontaneous roses ruddy blow, And in a flow'ry chain Around the monster god-they wind! The fell destroyer of mankind Is bound awhile, and his fierce mind By lovely Venus ta'en! Lull'd in her milk-white arms to foft repose, His furious foul fubfides, His flaming eyes no longer glare Along the plated files of war; But if the goddess chides! He clasps her ling'ring to his savage breast, And finks well pleas'd into Lethean rest!---

O may he never wake again

To plague those ill-devoted men

Whom his malign beams guide;

Far off be labour, toil, and pain,

Far off the wild and cruel reign

Of Mars the homicide!--
STANZA SIXTH.

But hail to thee, thou mother of delights, Soft are thy wars, and pleasing are thy fights,

Thou daughter of the wave!

Thy aspect bland, and genial power,

Within the violet---spotted bower,

Within the chrystal cave.

I own delighted whilst I kiss

The blue-ey'd Phillis plung'd in bliss, In extasy unknown,

To those whom mad ambition fires,

And thro' a fea of blood inspires,

To wade up to a Throne !---

An Invitation to Miss WARB--RT--N.

ALREADY wasted from th' empurpled meads Of bleft Arcadia, with foft vernal airs, Zephyr had op'd the tender buds, that fear'd Th' inclement sky, and now the genial sun His vivid beams o'er herb, tree, fruit, and flow'r Effuses, and calls forth the wanton spring In all her charms---and shall she spread around Her honey'd treasures, and delicious bloom, Whilst in dark cities pent; 'midst noxious fumes, My Am'ret wastes the rosy hours, nor heeds Their nectar'd fweets, unmindful how expand The new-born leaves, or how th' enlivening ray Paints ev'ry flow'r with green, and native gold? O! come, thou fairest flow'r, by nature's hand Made not to bloom unfeen, where ardent love Invites; and 'midst the love-inspiring gloom Of HAGLEY shades, deign tread the rural haunts Of universal Pan; for there he dwells,

And those his lov'd retreats, where shadowy woods Weave leafy arches 'cross the gushing rills, That ever and anon from airy heights Descend, and gurgling thro' the op'ning vale, Glide smoothly onward, whilst the Nayads marks Their calm foft course. --- Such was the blissful scene By fine poetic fancy view'd of old, In Tempe's vale; where the delighted gods With wood-nymphs danc'd in chorus, to the tune Of pipes and voices fweet, whose charming found The mute herd's mov'd, and held their favage hearts In rapture: --- but not she who on those plains With graceful step led on th' eternal spring, Fair Flora, nor the nymph whom gloomy Dis Beheld in Enna's grove, and instant lov'd With Thee could be compar'd, nor could their charms So touch the heart, or raise so pure a flame.

An extempore Rhapfody, the 21st of March 1771.

I Saw brave Wolf cut off by rigid fate,

And doom'd to death in manhood's earliest date;

I too by sacred glory sir'd,

And by the love of same inspir'd,

On that same memorable day,

In honour's bed twice breathless lay,

But 'twas no bed of down!

A softer bed was that I ween,

In which the sair adult'ress queen

Was said of old in Asian Troy,

By the young vig'rous Phrygian boy,

And sweeter was his lisping Helen's note,

Then thro' the rattling cannon's iron throat

I

The voice of high renown!

Fare-

Farewel then, horrid god of arms,

Thy blood-stain'd laurels have no charms,

For men who think like me.

By day, by night, hell's yawning gates disclose

A vast abys, where center human woes;

The hero too must see
The cold and dreary house of death,
When he resigns his forfeit breath.
He, like the vilest village hind,
Must leave the joys of sense behind,

And fester in his shroud.

The sons of men, by nature doom'd,

Alike must rot within the tomb,

An undistinguish'd crowd.

Therefore, let's live while live we can,

Short is the space, and small the span

That's giv'n by heav'n to mortal man.

And for my part, I'd rather live a night In Y****'s arms than in th' historic page Survive old Brutus many an age;

For Don Apollo, by your leave,
I never heard a muse could heave,

Or give or take delight:

But Drury-Lane hath many a dame

That can both raise and quench my flame,

And taken at a pinch,

.

On Mr. ********, at Venice, in J--- 1770.

SPRUNG from a Sire, by man and God accurft. Vile amongst villains, 'midst bad men the worst; With Borgia's vices blended Nero's art, A dog in forehead, and a flave in heart; Heap crimes on crimes, and on thy blatted head Curses not loud, but deep industrious spread; By thy damn'd father's curs'd example fir'd, With pious zeal for holy fraud inspir'd, Onward proceed, till crumbled into dust, From earth to hell, from men to devils thrust, Thou 'midft the damn'd shall shine a glorious name, Thou, who by just hereditary claim, In burning hell a demagogue shall fit, Who, when on earth, for hellish deeds most fit, T'unite opposed vices ne'er did miss, Thyself a wicked, vile Antithesis.

An Invitation to Mrs. A-A D-

Wrote at Ghent, in Flanders, the 23d of March 1769.

The gloomy night, the gaury day,
For life is short, and in the cell
Of dusty death no pleasures dwell:
Haste then, let's live, while live we may,
Soon shall we tread the darksome way;
Soon shall in death's oblivious night
Those radiant eyes give up their light;
Soon shall that warm enchanting breast
Be to the worms a welcome guest!
Come then, A----a, softest maid,
Ere yet thy youthful blossoms sade,
Come, and thy 1---bs around me twin'd,
To love unbounded yield thy mind;

Heighten

Heighten my joys, improve my bliss

By one long, 1----s, 1---d kiss!

And when thy h--d shall find those p---s,

Where love shoots forth his keenest darts,

In those soft moments r---d me c---g,

In clasping circles like a ring:

So shall we both contented prove

Th' unequal'd joys of mutual love.

THYRSIS and MIRA,

An ODE to Miss WAR---T--N, in the Year 1763.

MIRA.

O Say, fond youth, what secret charm
Could thy inconstant bosom warm,
And kindle such a stame;
Whether the pleasing poison lies
In lips, or cheeks, or locks, or eyes,
And what its magic name?

THYRSIS.

'Tis not, dear girl, thy angel face,

Tho' there united modest grace

With dimpled love I see;

'Tis not thy sweetly brilliant eyes,

'Tis not thy beauteous bosom's rise

That charm my soul to thee-

A fp-t there is b---w the w--st,

With every wanton pleasure grac'd,

Wherein that charm doth grow;

That charm whose magic power can move

All that is m-n to sue thy love,

And to thy beauty bow!

All that I wish is in my s--n,

A treasure what 'bove glory can,

Or laurel'd same impart.

Give me then, nymph, that precious r---d,

That sweet, that s----y bound,

And cool my glowing heart.---

In Nobilissimi Viri Comitis Savorgnani Laudes.

EPIGRAMMA.

DESINE certare et dominos agnoce togatos, Et cede Adriacis Padua victa vadis.

Namque regit domitas Regina Venetia terras, Et late omnifero dat sua jura Mari.

Scilicet et soror et magnæ spes altera Romæ Sustenit antiquum non violanda decus.

Tunque olim claris splendens, Savonna, tropocis, Et patria et propria nobilitate vigens;

Nunc cape pacificam humano fine fanguine laurum,

Donaque finitimis invidiofa locis.

Nam tibi Olimpiacis iterum dux optimæ, ludis Gloria non humili cinget honore caput.

N

Pre-

Prefented, with a Basket of Flowers, to Earl TEMPLE,

In the Year 1765,

By a Child, in the character of QUEEN MAB.*

By Magic wheels thro' air convey'd,

I come from Kew's mysterious shade,

Where in his much-lov'd olive grove

The Thane of Bute lies sick with love!

And with him lurks in close disguise

The goddess with a thousand eyes.

Imperial policy of late

Y'clep'd the demon of debate,

Of loud debate, of lawless might,

Of tyrant rule, of sov'reign right;

^{*} This is an unfinished Fragment.

For tho' with ever new delight

I wing the filent gloom of night,

Or failing down th' Arabian breeze,

Drink honey'd fragrance from the trees

Of Eden's valley, where the rofe

Of Sharon, wildly scatter'd blows-

An Extempore by Lord Lyfrelton, in Italy, anno 1770.

ENCE Proftitution! low debating vice! From thee all human evils took their rife; Thou like a foul and tempting hag appear'ft, Tho' oft disguised love's livery thou wear'st; With gaudy colours o'er thy fwarthy face, Thou tempt'ft th' unwary to thy rank embrace; But when enclos'd within thy filthy arms, Down drops the vifor! and in lieu of charms And foft endearments, thy foul ulcerous breath Exhales disease, and fosters latent death. Thee, happy thee, in shades of blackest night, A devil and a witch got out of spight, And therefore do'ft thou shun the sun's broad light. Thee once I follow'd, and with furious guft Refign'd my youth to thy intemp'rate luft:

But never more will I, a victim led, Ascend thy loathsome meretricious bed; For there no pleasures dwell, but foul desire Feeds on itself, and burns with sulph'rous fire; There love disdains to come, but in his stead Repenting anguish rears her faaky head. There the Red anger storms; --- there pallid fear In grinning horror drops the frantic tear; There ravenous rapine hourly prowls for prey, And vengeful hatred feeks the midnight fray. There I beheld in secret ambush laid The desperate selon draw his murd'rous blade. 'Medea's charms are there, and those drug'd bowls Which give the human figure bestial fouls. Avaunt! thou hell-kite, nor within thy maw Vainly attempt by treach'rous art to draw One who has felt thy sting and bared thy horrid claw!

For know a blooming dame is mine, whose face
Voluptuous Venus has endow'd with grace;
And sweets inessable, whose every smile
Can soothe my care, and every woe beguile.
Her I transported more than life esteem,
She is my life, and without her I deem
This world a waste; where no delights are sound,
Save those which in her circling arms abound.
There is my heav'n, and there what raptures dwell
No voice can utter, and no tongue can tell.

RETIREMENT.

leaston that would return out Aretical LET others now great fortune's favours gain, And toil for gold thro' many an anxious night, Let others throw with trembling hand the main-Shrinking like ghosts before the morning light. Farewel for ever to the glitt'ring prize Obtain'd with hazard, huge and mingled woe, Superior now to fickle chance I'll rife, And schemes of pow'r and dreams of wealth forego-Then welcome HAGLEY, welcome dark retreats, Where noise and folly hate alike to dwell; Welcome ye quiet bowers, ye mosfy seats, Ye woodland flopes, and calm fequester'd dell. Let the shrill clarion call the brave to war, And fleets with fleets in desperate conflict join, Compos'd I'll hear the tumult from afar, Whilst mild content and pleasing love are mine.

Enough

Enough for me to pass the blameless day In rural care and undiffurb'd repose, To mark the tender shoots that welcome May, And view each bud and bloffom as it blows. But when the angry winds shall drive the storm Furious and loud along the win'try sky; How doubly fweet to clasp a tender form, And plunged in blifs in Delia's arms to lie. There hull'd to fleep to hear the patt'ring show'r, Against my windows thick and frequent beat, To hear the tempest its whole battery pour Of driving snows and cold life's chilling sleet. With thee, my Delia, happy I'll abide Scorning to feek that air-blown bubble fame, With thee on downy wings the hours will glide, Tho' funk my honours and forgot my name. Enough of glory, who would now be great, Or in bought senates stem corruption's tide; Fallen is my country, funk this abject flate, And tam'd for ever England's generous pride.

Enough of glory, who would govern flaves That feels the fire of freedom in his heart? Who would, of mind erect, court garter'd knaves, Or in base councils bear a groveling part? See, where in yonder abbey's hallow'd walls, Enwrapt in dust, our guardian Genius* lies, With him the mighty arch of empire falls, With him each spark of patriot virtue dies. But still the muse in some imperious glade May weave, ye brighten'd visions, round my head, May shew how crowns are lost, how kingdoms fade, And call before me all the glorious dead. And thou, my Delia, may'ft to tranquil blifs Temper each fwelling thought and vain defign, Soothing my troubled mind by each foft kifs, Till all my heart engross'd by love be thine.

can I give thee lov, or joy partake

On

On thee I'll gaze, when my last hour shall come, And twine around thee my cold quiv'ring hands; Yet, yet, I'll keep thee! now the yawning tomb For ever holds me in death's icy bands. Then shall the starting tear bedew the cheek, The tears of love shall burst along thy face Within thy melting eyes, thy foul shall speak When thou shalt lay me in my narrow place. In that dark place where vainly thou shalt call On him who once transported heard the found, He's gone for ever--- quit his mourning pall, Deaf in his dust, and dumb the clammy ground. Mean time while fate permits to thy warm waift Close, yet, O closer! clasp me ere I go, Ten thousand, thousand kisses let me taste Fre cloud-cast death shall strike th' unerring blow. Soon haggish age will frightful havoc make, And turn each brown lock to pallid grey; Nor can I give thee joy, or joy partake, In the still evening of life's closing day.

Now then, while vigorous blood thro' ev'ry vein Excite to love and love's delicious heat,

Now let me to my breast my Delia strain,

Feed on her bloom, and equal raptures meet.

But first two grateful altars will I raise,

On one, victorious fortune shall be plac'd,

The other shall to secret Venus blaze,

With many a verse and many a rose-bud grac'd.

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The

The KISS of LOVE; or LOVE and VIRTUE,

A DIALOGUE.

VIRTUE.

HOW dar'st thou, Profligate, invade these lips,
Where his own persumes hallow'd Hymen sips?
Why dost thou glote upon these chasten'd eyes,
Where like a slaming cherub Honour lies,
And keeps a jealous watch o'er plighted vows,
Not thy lewd glances, Profligate, allows?

LOVE.

VIRTUE.

--- Cease thy impious blame,

And thy unhallow'd voice! for Virtue's heart, Disdains thy jargon, and derides thy art.

Vainly

Vainly thou try'st thy serpent wiles! my mind
Of nobler temper, and superior kind,
Looks up to heaven, and hovering o'er the blaze
Of light atherial, and eternal rays,
Spurns at this mould'ring earth,---Thy pallid cheek
And downcast looks these awful truths bespeak.
Spread then thy painted wings and glossy plumes,
Shed o'er thy Vot'ries thy diseas'd perfumes,
Draw tight thy silken cords, thy shafts prepare,
Wound the voluptuous, strike the yielding fair,
Daughters of slesh and blood!---but cease to prove
Virtue's strong shield, and dread the bolt of Jove!

LOVE.

Well hast thou, Virtue, re-assum'd thy state
In pomp of words and swell of high debate;
Whilst me thou deem'st of low, ignoble race,
A frantic tyrant with a boyish face!
Hast thou forgot when thro' the struggling deep
Of chaos hush'd, who bad the tumult sleep?

Haft

Hast thou forgot when 'midst the desert sky

Even virtue's self no glimmering light could spy?

Who call'd the sun in beauty to his place,

And gilt the glitt'ring globes that spangle space;

Who tun'd the spheres, who fill'd them with delight?

'Twas Love that broke the universal night:

Spread sweet proportions and harmonious grace

O'er Asia's Eden, and o'er Hamet's face!

And still the same as from th'eternal sprung,

When with my fire I o'er sair nature hung,

And press'd her yielding from my puissant sway,

Thou goddess, thou, reluctant must obey!

VIRTUE.

Delufive Tempter! shall not Virtue stand

Above thy power, and free from thy command?

Shall she not guarded by berself on high

Wing her bold slight, and seek her native sky?

Shall thou supplant her, shall she seel the glow

Of those mix'd tumults thy frail vot'ries know?

LOVE.

O, dame unequall'd! great, indeed, thy name, High is thy birth, and awful is thy fame! Yet hear thy fuppliant, nor unequal strive Against that power which bids even nature live; Didst thou not feel when clasp'd within my arms, I kis'd those lips, and strove to warm those charms? Didst thou not feel, infinuating fire Shoot from thy heart, and unknown joys inspire? Didst thou not feel thy throbbing pulses beat With rifing transports, and delicious heat? O! if thou didft not, most unrival'd dame, Thine be the glory! but not mine the blame! I faw thee, Virtue, pregnant with delight, I faw thy charms, and kindled at the fight; Again shall kindle, tho' from those bright eyes A thousand, thousand armed cherubs rise, Tho' living lightnings from those orbs should fly, Love will gaze on, and gazing feek to die In his own æther !----

(60)

VIRTUE.

-----On thy honied tongue And gilded words too long has Virtue hung; But tempt not heaven, lest from that arduous height Thou fallest purblind, or of erring fight; Nay, answer not !--- for fure some magic spell Dwells on thy voice, and from thy fmooth lips fell! Soft is thy speech, and charming to the ear, But venom'd all, and dangerous as thy leer. Thy flame is witchcraft, with voluptuous art, Down it descends and glides along the heart. My powers are mov'd! a pleafing poison creeps And my whole foul in liftless languor sleeps; No Boy art thou! but of celeftial force, Striving to stem even Virtue in her course: Whate'er thy purpose, on what views intent, Or mov'd by virtue, or on evil bent, No longer tarry! hie thee hence away, For fee where prudence marks thy fond delay, And captious caution angers at thy stay.

THE END.